Spotlights ...

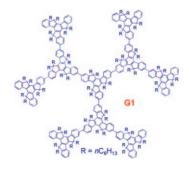


Luminescent Dendrimer Materials

Y. Jiang, L. Wang, Y. Zhou, Y.-X. Cui, J. Wang, Y. Cao,* J. Pei*

 π -Conjugated Dendrimers as Stable Pure-Blue Emissive Materials: Photophysical, Electrochemical, and Electroluminescent Properties

Bigger, stronger, better: A family of giant π -conjugated dendrimers has been developed as pure-blue active materials for organic light-emitting diodes. The dendrimer-generation number has little effect on the photophysical, electrochemical, and EL properties, and device efficiency of **G0** and **G1**. The preliminary OLED devices achieve pure-blue color with stable CIE chromaticity coordinates (0.16, 0.08) for both **G0** and **G1**.



Chem. Asian I.

DOI: 10.1002/asia.200800329

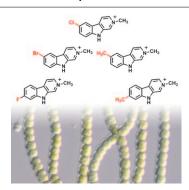


Biosynthesis

C. Portmann, C. Prestinari, T. Myers, J. Scharte,* K. Gademann*

Directed Biosynthesis of Phytotoxic Alkaloids in the Cyanobacterium *Nostoc* 78–12A

Out of the green! Precursor-directed biosynthesis allowed for the production of new nostocarboline derivatives that display phytotoxic and algicidal properties—in a phototrophic organism. The mechanism of action includes downregulation of photosynthesis, as demonstrated by chlorophyll-*a* fluorescence imaging.



Chem Bio Chem

DOI: 10.1002/cbic.200800837

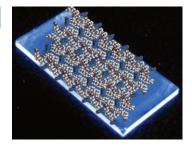


Thin Films

J. Moreau, U. Giovanella, J.-P. Bombenger, W. Porzio, V. Vohra, L. Spadacini, G. Di Silvestro, L. Barba, G. Arrighetti, S. Destri, M. Pasini, M. Saba, F. Quochi, A. Mura, G. Bongiovanni, M. Fiorini, M. Uslenghi, C. Botta*

Highly Emissive Nanostructured Thin Films of Organic Host–Guests for Energy Conversion

All-organic nanostructured host–guest materials (see picture) show enhanced, tunable fluorescence due to a high concentration of dyes with controlled spatial and geometrical organization that allows controlled resonant energy transfer. Homogeneous films of deoxycholic acid host–guests, provide coatings that convert near-UV light into blue light with an efficiency higher than that of the standard polymeric blends.



Chem Phys Chem

DOI: 10.1002/cphc.200800682

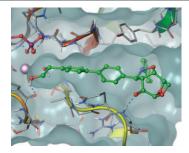


Antitumor Agents

C. Müller, M. A. Gomez-Zurita Frau, D. Ballinari, S. Colombo, A. Bitto, E. Martegani, C. Airoldi, A. S. van Neuren, M. Stein, J. Weiser, C. Battistini,* F. Peri*

Design, Synthesis, and Biological Evaluation of Levoglucosenone-Derived Ras Activation Inhibitors

A panel of new potential Ras ligands was generated by decorating a tricyclic levoglucosenone-derived scaffold with aromatic moieties. Some members of the panel show in vitro inhibitory activity toward the nucleotide exchange process on Ras and are toxic to some human cancer cell lines.



ChemMedChem

DOI: 10.1002/cmdc.200800416



... on our Sister Journals

Li₂SiN₂

Eur. J. Inorg. Chem. DOI: 10.1002/ejic.200801168

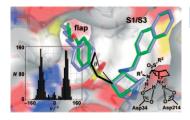
Lithium Nitridosilicates

S. Pagano, M. Zeuner, S. Hug, W. Schnick*

Single-Crystal Structure Determination and Solid-State NMR Investigations of Lithium Nitridosilicate Li₂SiN₂ Synthesized by a Precursor Approach Employing Amorphous "Si(CN₂)₂"

"Si(CN₂)₂" has been identified as a novel precursor for nitridosilicates. The crystal structure of the Li⁺ ion conductor Li₂SiN₂ has been determined. Li₂SiN₂ consists of two interpenetrating cristobalite type nets which are made up from hetero-adamantane-like [Si₄N₆]N_{4/2} groups. The ⁷Li and ²⁹Si solid-state NMR spectra of Li₂SiN₂ are reported.





Plasmepsin Inhibitors

M. Zürcher, F. Hof, L. Barandun, A. Schütz, W. B. Schweizer, S. Meyer, D. Bur, F. Diederich*

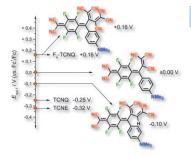
Synthesis of *exo-*3-Amino-7-azabicyclo[2.2.1]heptanes as a Class of Malarial Aspartic Protease Inhibitors: Exploration of Two Binding Pockets

Substituted *exo-*3-amino-7-azabicyclo[2.2.1]heptanes as inhibitors of the plasmepsins are described. An O scan of the alkyl-chain substituent, filling the crucial flap pocket at the active site of these malarial aspartic proteases, is reported; dramatic differences in activity were found. Conformational analysis of the ligands is presented, and the basicity of the amine centers is discussed.



Eur. J. Org. Chem.

DOI: 10.1002/ejoc.200801184



Electron Acceptors

M. Kivala, C. Boudon, J.-P. Gisselbrecht, B. Enko, P. Seiler, I. B. Müller, N. Langer, P. D. Jarowski, G. Gescheidt, F. Diederich*

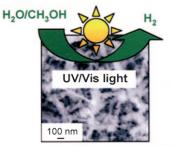
Organic Super-Acceptors with Efficient Intramolecular Charge-Transfer Interactions by [2+2] Cycloadditions of TCNE, TCNQ, and F_4 -TCNQ to Donor-Substituted Cyanoalkynes

Rivaling the best one: Thermal [2+2] cycloadditions of TCNE, TCNQ, and F_4 -TCNQ to N,N-dimethylanilino-substituted cyanoalkynes afforded a new class of organic super-acceptors featuring efficient intramolecular charge-transfer interactions. These acceptors rival the acceptor F_4 -TCNQ in the propensity for reversible electron uptake as well as in electron affinity, which makes them interesting as p-type dopants for potential application in optoelectronic devices.



Chem. Eur. J.

DOI: 10.1002/chem.200802563



copper oxide nanosystems

ChemSusChem

DOI: 10.1002/cssc.200900032

Hydrogen Production

D. Barreca,* P. Fornasiero,* A. Gasparotto, V. Gombac, C. Maccato, T. Montini, E. Tondello

The Potential of Supported Cu₂O and CuO Nanosystems in Photocatalytic H₂ Production

Hy wire: Supported Cu₂O nanosystems and CuO nanowires obtained by chemical vapor deposition were used in the photocatalytic splitting of methanol/water solutions to produce hydrogen. The results obtained with these systems open appealing perspectives for the clean conversion of sunlight into storable chemical energy.



2825